NITTY-GF	Revision nr. 1 Dated 10/4/2015	
	Printed on 24/08/2015	
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	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	tance/mixture and of the com	pany/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier		
Code:	CLXTIG002524.04	
Product name Chemical name and synonym	E-POLISHING BOMAR E-Polishing Bomar	
Chemical fiame and Synonym		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or main intended use Electrolyte for electrolyt	ixture and uses advised against polishing bath of stainless steel	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Name	NITTY-GRITTY S.R.L.	
Full address District and Country	Via Dei Marmorari 36 41057 Spilamberto (Mo) Italia	
	Tel. +39059785210	
	Fax +390597861612	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info@nitty-gritty.it	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
For urgent inquiries refer to	POISON CENTER: ITALY: 06/3054343 06/49970698 BELGIUM: 070 245 245 CROATIA: +385 1 2348 342 CZECH REPUBLIC: +420 224 919 293 FINLAND : 09 471977 GERMANY: +49 228 287 3211 HUNGARY: +36 80 20 11 99 IRELAND: 01 8092566 or 01 8379964 NORWAY: 22 59 13 00 PORTUGAL: 808 250 143 RUSSIAN: (495) 628 1687 SLOVENIA: + 386 41 650 500 SWEDEN: +46 8 33 12 31 UNITED KINGDOM: 111	AUSTRIA: +43 1 406 43 43 BULGARIA: +359 2 9154 409 DENMARK: +45 82 12 12 12 ESTONIA: 16662, (+372) 626 93 90 FRANCE: + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59 GRECEE : +30 10 779 3777 ICELAND :+354 525 111 NETHERLANDS : 030 274 88 88 POLAND:(12) 411 99 99 ROMANIA: 021.318.36.06 SLOVAKIA: +421 2 5477 4166 SPAIN: + 34 91 562 04 20 TURKEY : 0 800 314 7900

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:	
Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318

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2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments. Danger Symbols: C R phrases: 35 The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet. 2.2. Label elements. Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements. Hazard pictograms: Signal words: Danger Hazard statements: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Precautionary statements: P264 Wash . . . thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. **Contains:** PHOSPHORIC ACID 2.3. Other hazards. Information not available. **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.** 3.1. Substances. Information not relevant. 3.2. Mixtures. Contains: Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). PHOSPHORIC ACID C R34, Note B Skin Corr. 1B H314, Note B CAS. 7664-38-2 32,5 - 35 EC. 231-633-2

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Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet. T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = ExtremelyFlammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

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Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure
-	limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as
	amended).
Éire	Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.
OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	2000/39/EC.
TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2012

PHOSPHORIC ACID Threshold Limit Value.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm

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TLV-ACGIH		1	3
OEL	EU	1	2
OEL	IRL	1	2
WEL	UK	1	2

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	pungent
Odour threshold.	Not available.
pH.	1
Melting point / freezing point.	Not available.
Initial boiling point.	Not available.

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Boiling range. Flash point. Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit. Lower explosive limit. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Vapour densitv Relative density. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature. Decomposition temperature. Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties

Not available. > 60 °C. Not available. 1,66 Kg/l soluble in water Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

PHOSPHORIC ACID: decomposes at temperatures over 200°C.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

PHOSPHORIC ACID: risk of explosion on contact with nitromethane. May react dangerously with alkalis and sodium borohydride.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

PHOSPHORIC ACID: Metals, strong alkalis, aldehydes, sulphides and peroxides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

PHOSPHORIC ACID: phosphorus oxide.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

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In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

PHOSPHORIC ACID LD50 (Oral). 1530 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). 2740 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation). > 0,85 mg/l/1h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%. **12.6. Other adverse effects.**

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

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SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and	d rail transport: ADR/RID Class:	8	UN:	1805
	Packing Group:	111		
	Label:	8		
	Nr. Kemler:	80		
	Limited Quantity.	5 L		
	Tunnel restriction code.	(E)		
	Proper Shipping Name:	PHOSPHORI	C ACID, SOLUTION	
Carriage	e by sea (shipping): IMO Class:	8	UN:	1805
8	Packing Group:	111		
	Label:	8		
	EMS:	F-A, S-B		
	Marine Pollutant.	NO		
	Proper Shipping Name:	PHOSPHORI	C ACID, SOLUTION	
Transpo	rt by air: IATA:	8	UN:	1805
8	Packing Group:	Ш		
	Label:	8		
	Cargo:			
	Packaging instructions:	856	Maximum quantity:	60 L
	Pass.:			
	Packaging instructions:	852	Maximum quantity:	5 L
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803		

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

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Product.

Point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

3

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R34	CAUSES BURNS.
R35	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals

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- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- VPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
 WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 10. Handling Chemical Safety
- 11. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website
- Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 14 / 16.